

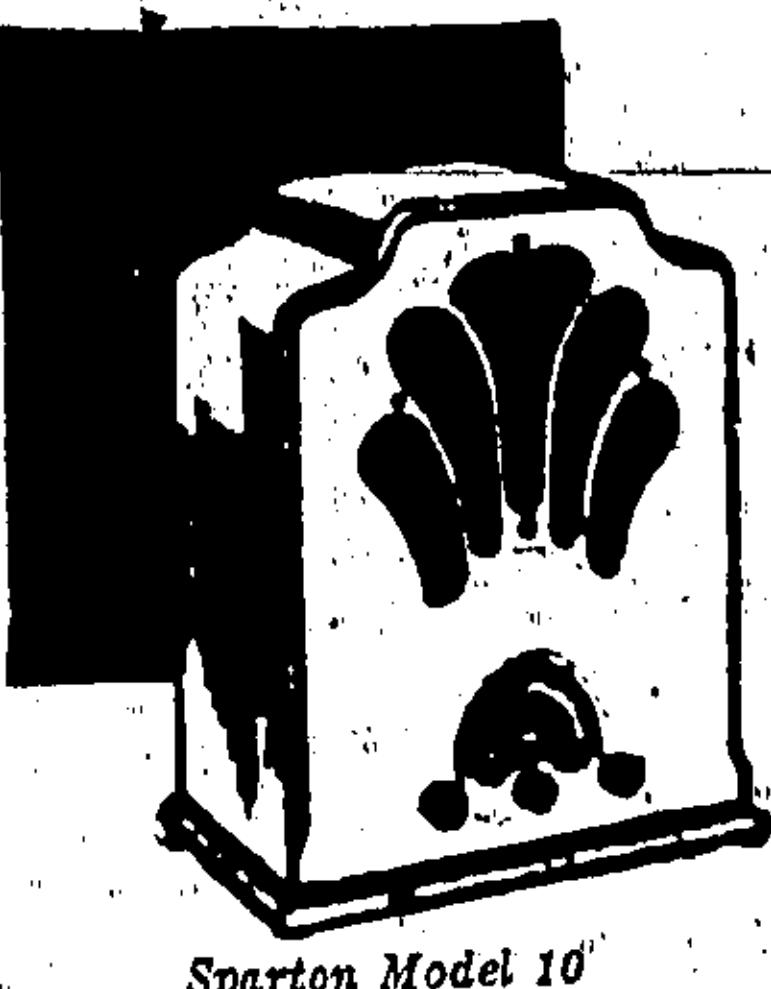
The dollar, on demand, closed to-day, at 1/4½d.

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No. 28,210

HONG KONG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1932.

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FULL COURT SUSTAINS CHENG KWOK-YAU'S MURDER CONVICTION

HUMILIATION DAY PLANNED FOR SHANGHAI

Nation Mourns For Northern Losses.

BIG DEMONSTRATION.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Shanghai, To-day.

Preparations are afoot for the observance of Humiliation Day on September 18, the anniversary of the march of Japanese troops in Manchuria and the first occupation of the soil of that province by Japan.

There will be a complete suspension of work in all Government offices throughout China and a five minute's silence will be observed officially.

Places of amusement have been ordered to close for the day and the Chinese Chamber of Commerce here, together with other large public bodies, are arranging mass meetings.

While authorities are not particularly apprehensive, precautions are being taken, especially in the Hongkew area, to prevent any clash between Chinese and Japanese in that neighbourhood. There will be extra police patrols and probable Japanese bluejacket parties abroad, to see that here are no hostile or rowdy movements on one side or the other.

OMAR IMPRESSES ON Shanghai Green.

Hampton's Hand Causes Anxiety.

PLAYING LUSITANO CLUB TO-DAY.

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Shanghai, To-day. The Hong Kong Interport Bowls team arrived here yesterday and were immediately taken to the Palace Hotel where they are staying during their time in Shanghai.

In the afternoon the team were given a preliminary practice on the S.L.B.C. green, and all gave a very favourable display. U. M. Omar, the senior interporter in the side, was particularly steady, and showed that the trip North had not affected him in the least. H. Hampton was not so steady, his injured hand appearing to give him trouble.

The visitors are scheduled to meet the Lusitano Club and will be the guests of honour at the Lusitano Club in the evening.

RIVER STEAMER IN COLLISION.

Fishing Junk Is Damaged.

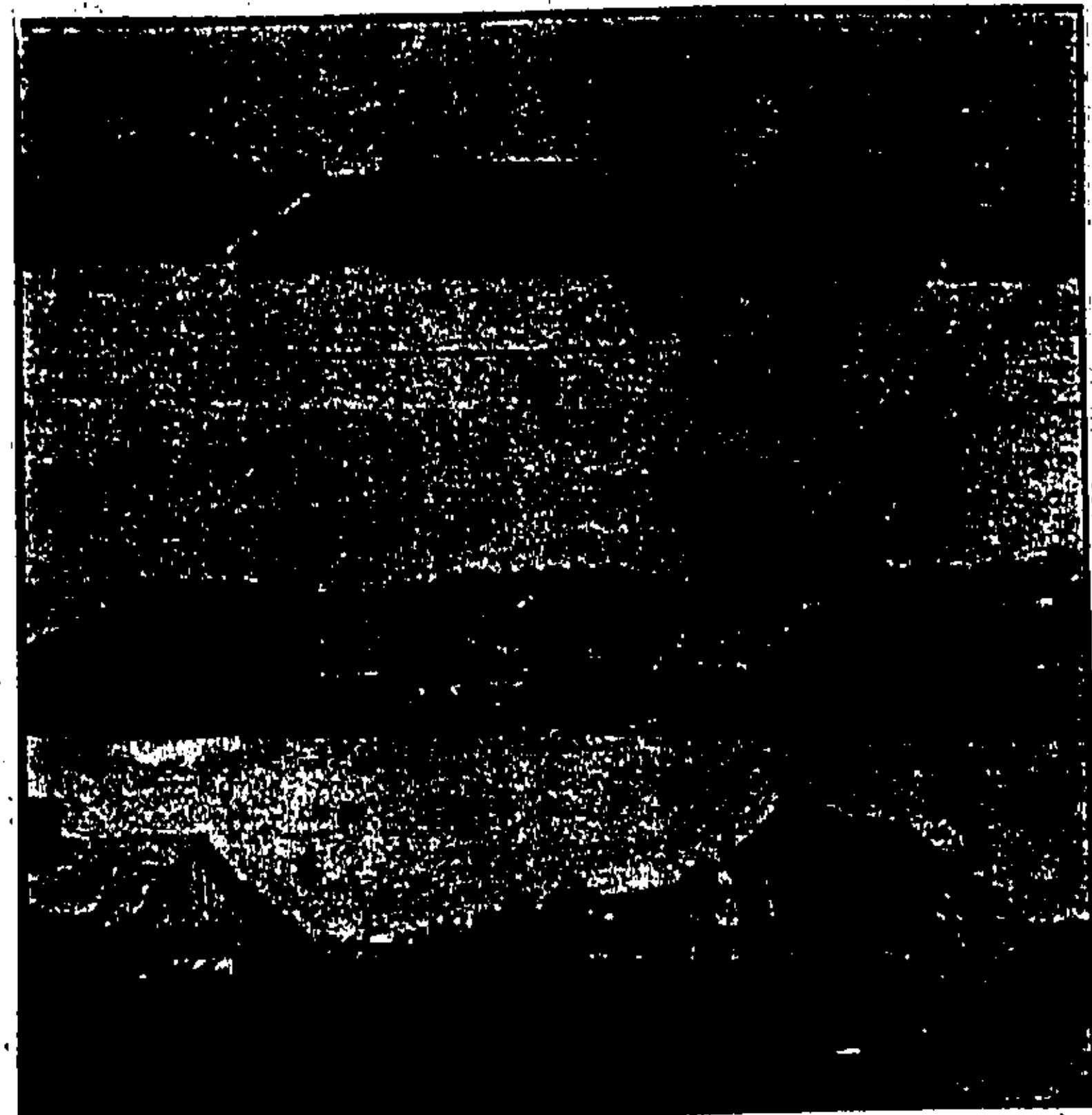
Damage to the extent of \$300 was suffered by a fishing junk, as the result of a collision with the river steamer Yuet On, in the harbour off West Point, yesterday morning.

The Yuet On was proceeding to Kongmoon, when the mishap occurred. No person on either craft was injured.

The master of the Yuet On, according to a Police report, promised to meet the cost of damages, and proceeded to Kongmoon.

UNREGISTERED MUI TAI

For keeping an unregistered muttai a Chinese woman fine \$200 on her appearance before Mr. Fraser at the Kowloon Magistracy this morning. Defendant lived at Temple Street. No crafty was alleged.



HARBIN FLOOD SITUATION.—Here is a combined picture of three striking scenes of the recent flood in Harbin, and other places near the Sungari River.

EIGHT PERSONS LOST ON OCEAN FLIGHT

TWO LITTLE GIRLS IN VANISHED PLANE

TRAWLER'S VAIN QUEST

Copenhagen, To-day.

Grave fears are entertained for the lives of eight persons who were attempting to reach Britain by air across the North Atlantic, flying from America via Greenland. The missing are Mr. and Mrs. J. Hutchison, wealthy Americans, their two little daughters, aged six and eight, and four members of the crew of their big machine.

An "S.O.S." call was received at Angmagsalik, Greenland, from the flying family, reporting a forced landing in the sea just off the coast of Greenland. The party had hopped off from Juiana-haab, north-east of Cape Desolation, and had cut across the southern tip of Greenland to fly up the coast towards Angmagsalik.

At dusk the trawler hove to at the spot which their messages indicated the plane had come down. But there was no sign of the missing ship. They searched in full speed towards the point indicated by the messages. Contact between the trawler and the plane was maintained for over an hour while the sturdy little craft churned north with all the power she possessed.

Signals failed to get any response from the plane, finally. But the trawler kept on, her crew still hoping that they might be in time.

DULEEPSINHJI NOT FOR AUSTRALIA.

To Go To Switzerland For His Health.

London, To-day.

It has been officially stated that K. S. Duleepsinhji, the Sussex captain, will be unable to tour Australia with the English cricketers, as he will be leaving for Switzerland shortly for health reasons.

This statement was made from Nawangar's House, Staines, yesterday.—Reuter.

Duleepsinhji was kept out of the Sussex side during their last few vital matches by extremely painful attacks of neuritis, and the M.C.C. selectors thought it advisable to invite Paynter, the young Lancashire batsman, to make the trip as a reserve.

MUST MAKE SACRIFICES

London, To-day.

"There must be no talk of surrender," declared Mr. Eamon de Valera, in a speech at Kilkenny, re-affirming Ireland's intention to withhold the land annuities from England.

"If we are going to fight and win, we must be prepared for sacrifice, for it is no soft bargain with Britain," he said. —Reuter.

SHANGHAI SEES NEW DISORDERS

Police Mobilised For "Red" Threat.

BORDERS UNDER GUARD

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Shanghai, To-day.

The gravest Communist disorders were only narrowly averted by the prompt mobilisation of French Concession and Nantao police yesterday. Throughout the day guards stood at the locked iron gates that separate the French quarter from the native city on the south.

Beyond the gates and the watching Annamite police, armed with rifles, masses of shouting, jostling people struggled in the streets of Nantao, while officers of the Bureau of Public Safety clubbed and threatened the more surly and arrested the objectionable.

The meaning and purpose of the demonstration are vague. It was learned that Communists had organised an enormous indignation parade, for some purpose or other, and it was hurriedly pointed out by Nantao authorities that there was every likelihood of the disorders spreading into the French and Foreign Settlements.

Special patrols, armed to the teeth, were despatched to duty in Nantao. Machine gun squads paraded. Big guards were rushed to the North and South Stations to prevent any sort of vandalism there.

Early in the morning, French police squads took post at the border of the Concession. At the first hint of untoward activity, they had instructions close the gates. The gates remained closed almost all day, for it was not until sundown that the paraders dispersed.

There were few casualties.

The occurrence, however, has served to add a greater weight of apprehension to the minds of Shanghai residents, whose peace is disturbed by disorders of some sort or other almost daily.

DOLLAR REMAINS UNCHANGED.

Slight Rise In Silver.

The dollar remained steady and stands at 1/4½d.

A slight rise was shown in silver, spot being quoted at 18½ and forward at 18¾.

London on New York cross-rate is quoted at £-G\$3.49, and the New York on London rate at £-G\$3.49½.

RAIN POSTPONES SUNDAY NUDE OUTING

Members State Determination To Continue

Bad weather yesterday upset the plans for the third nudist outing to their stamping ground at Lock Pick Sheung, no members of the cult turning up at the Kowloon Railway Station.

The river, which has to be crossed, and re-crossed, to reach the plot of land rented to the cult, was higher than usual owing to the rains of Saturday. Despite the approach of colder weather, members state that they will continue their Sunday outings.

STUDENT RIOT LEADERS ARE EXECUTED

Four Pay Supreme Penalty For Paotungfu Conduct

Peking, To-day.

The four ring-leaders of the serious student riots at Paotungfu in July last, were executed before a firing squad to-day.

There is high indignation among many student-friends and some sources report rumours of some sort of reprisals.—Reuter.

NO RANSOM DEMANDED FOR CAPTIVES

Bandits Did Not Ask For \$250,000 Ransom.

H.M.S. SANDWICH ARRIVES AT NEWCHWANG

Newchwang, To-day.

It is officially announced that there is no truth in the report that the captors of Mrs. Pawley and Mr. Corkran have demanded a ransom of \$250,000.

Cantact has not been established with the bandits.

H.M.S. Sandwich has arrived to watch the situation.—Reuter.

The following wireless message received from H.M.S. Sandwich states:

The Consul at Newchwang states that there is no truth whatever in the statement that ransom has been paid as contact has not been established with the captors.

It urgently desires that this erroneous report be suppressed as it is likely to lead to relaxation of the efforts to trace the captors and establish contact.

He referred to the case of Rex v. Abraham (1914), in which the Chief Justice respite sentence for three months with a view to allowing the prisoner to

apply for special leave to appeal to the Privy Council.

Doubts His Power.

Sir Joseph Kemp, referring to the latter part, said that the Full Court was not a Court of Sentence

and the point would have to be decided by him personally.

He would only like to say that he was not aware that he had that power.

The Chief Justice added—

"We are not prepared to accede to your requests, Mr. Lim,

to state in our opinion whether

the case is one of general importance or not.

The prisoner will be brought up for sentence on Wednesday, the 14th,

at 10 a.m."

Complete Agreement.

Giving judgment the Chief Justice said—"I agree generally with the judgment which has just been delivered by my learned brother.

I should like to add another reason why, in my opinion, the evidence objected to is admissible.

Perhaps the additional reason is only re-

statement, from a different point of view, of the reasons already given.

Whether one fact tends to prove

another is, speaking broadly, a matter of common mental processes.

As it is put in Halsbury's

Laws of England, Volume 13 at

page 439 in paragraph 611: "In

the vast majority of cases the law will accept as evidence those matters which are indicated as such

by the ordinary course of human experience."

Some matters which ordinary reasoning would admit

are definitely excluded by the rules of legal evidence for various sound

reasons, e.g., involuntary confessions

because of the great risk that

they may not be true, bad character

or the ordinary course of human experience.

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The Woman's Page



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Beauty Hints For The Hot Weather

Women Should Be At Best In Summer

Useful Treatment

The majority of women and girls look their best in summer. But there are some who get faces the colour of beetroots and noses which will shine in spite of repeated applications of powder. Others let the sun scorch their necks and backs until they are red and sore. During a spell of hot weather, the usual beauty treatments must be changed.

Cleansing cream is necessary until a cooling lotion used instead of the usual astringent is soothing. Never use water on a scorched skin. It will merely aggravate the burn. And be careful that skin foods are really pure. There are various creams made which are composed of special ingredients which can be used to prevent this painful state of affairs. The aim and ambition of most people away on holiday, is to get really tanned. If it is done gradually and is not too deep a colour, it looks most attractive. But real sunburn leaves many skins a dirty yellow afterwards. This is difficult to bleach to the original shade again, and is not becoming when one returns to town life.

A Good Remedy.

Here is rather a good "remedy for faces which will become moist and uncomfortable in hot weather. You will want one drachm of lavender water, one drachm of tincture of myrrh, and half a drachm of borax. A chemist will make it up for you, or you can do it yourself, taking care to mix the ingredients really well. The face should be gently bathed with the lotion.

Hands which become hot and sticky in the heat, need a different sort of treatment. The following is simple and quite effective. To one pint of hot water use one teaspoonful of borax. Plunge the hands into this. Leave them in about five minutes. Dry thoroughly. Most red hands are due to cold weather, but there are some unfortunate girls whose hands always will take on this unbecoming hue.

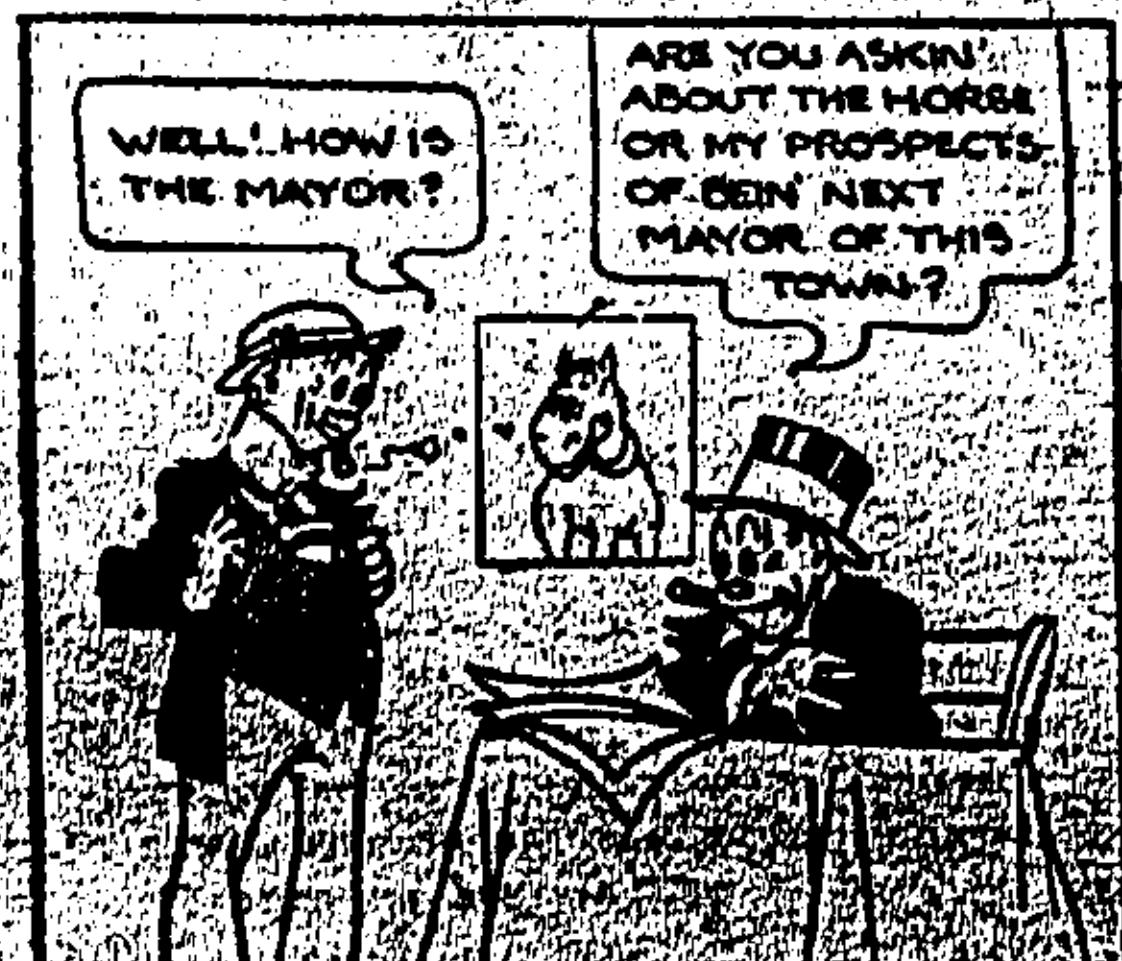
A home-made remedy which will help sufferers of red hands, is composed of the following: Separate the white of an egg from the yolk. Beat it up with one grain of alum—but not too stiff. Spread over the hands at bed-time. Slip on a pair of old loose white gloves and leave on till the morning.

Cure For Sea Rash.

Those of you on holiday or

TARZAN
IS
COMING.

Bringing Up Father.



WIDE CHOICE FOR SMART WOMEN.

Slim Budget Cannot Spoil Effects.

ECCENTRIC DESIGNS.

One can say quite truthfully that the choice of the woman who aspires to dress smartly, in design, colour and material, is practically limitless. Thus, because there seems to be more temptation to run amok than be restrained, advice about clothes tends to be negative, write Dore Charmon.

Every woman who has pretensions to good dressing (and haven't we all, regardless of our income?) has never had greater need to think twice, and then again, before deciding upon an outfit.

We can no longer be guided by what appeals to us, we must concentrate upon what our figure will allow us to wear with any degree of grace. It is useless to deny that many of us are physically unsuited to present-day fashions.

Unfortunately the masculine trend, in dress was bad training ground. We let our figures "go" where to-day the spot-light is turned on them. I am writing of course of those figures who seem to combat chic at every curve.

Alternative Ways.

There are two ways of achieving smartness. The woman who cannot carry off an original model should remember that she is likely to earn more praise by avoiding bright colours or two-colour schemes, sticking unreservedly to the shade that suits her best—green, blue or grey—with a foundation of black or navy. Navy is the smarter colour this season.

Then the woman who can create a mild sensation by wearing one of the most "difficult" frocks of the season should play her card while she holds it. There is great value in what are known as eccentric designs; successfully worn they are often the forerunner of vogue. They are the "high spots" in a gathering a fashionable woman without detracting a scrap from the charm of the more conventionally attired.

A short time ago I was at a party where a young woman appeared in an Empire gown, taken from a fashion journal of the past. She looked lovely. Everybody thought so.

A few days later I met her somewhere else. This time she was equally delightful in a gown of white cotton pique, beautifully cut.

How did she manage to look so well in such different types of design? Well, she is an artist in wearing eccentric designs. She shows the multitude how they should look if they wish to wear lovely.

Choose veal from small part of leg, since it is usually cheaper, and the meat must be cut in small pieces

Arrange meat in a buttered casserole. Remove fat from stock and strain through cheesecloth. There

should be about 2 cups of stock.

The liquid in which vegetables

except the onions, were cooked can

also be used. Melt butter, stir in

flour and when mixture bubbles, add

stock, stirring constantly. Bring to

the boiling point, and season with

salt and pepper. Add prepared

vegetables to meat in casserole and

pour over sauce. Mix and sift flour,

salt and baking powder. Rub in

shortening and cut in milk with a

knife. Use enough milk to make a

safe dough.

Roll on a floured molding board

and cut with a small biscuit cutter.

(Continued at foot of Preceding

Column.)



TASTY VEGETABLE AND VEAL PIE.

Little Hint For The Menu Planner.

A veal and vegetable pie can be made as follows:

One pound lean veal, 1 cup tiny cooked onions, 1 cup diced cooked carrots, 1 cup cooked green peas, 2 cups cooked potato marbles, 2 teaspoons butter, 2 tablespoons flour, salt and pepper, 1 1/4 cups flour, 2 1/2 teaspoons baking powder, 2 tablespoons shortening, 1/2 teaspoon salt, milk.

Choose veal from small part of leg, since it is usually cheaper, and the meat must be cut in small pieces

anyway. Cover with boiling water

and simmer until tender but not

broken. Add salt and let cool in

stock, overnight if convenient.

Remove fat and bone from meat,

making neat pieces for serving.

Arrange meat in a buttered casserole. Remove fat from stock and strain through cheesecloth. There

should be about 2 cups of stock.

The liquid in which vegetables

except the onions, were cooked can

also be used. Melt butter, stir in

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(Continued at foot of Preceding

Column.)

MILLIONS UNFIT FOR PARENTS.

Sterilization Might Help The Race.

AMERICAN SUGGESTION.

Eighteen millions of us are so unfit to be fathers and mothers that the only remedy is to sterilise the lot. This is reported as the gist of a proposal emanating from the Human Betterment Foundation of Pasadena, California, and distributed in printed form among members of the American Association for the Advancement of Science at its recent Syracuse meeting, says The Literary Digest.

Apparently the proposal did not meet with favour.

Are 18,000,000 either actually or potentially so weak in the head that we will cost the community one billion a year because of our crimes and our inability to fend for ourselves? The figures, opines the New York Times, are preposterous on their very face. Says this paper on its editorial page:

"The means for postponing the doom foreshadowed is sterilisation of the unfit, now legally permissible in twenty-seven States, and assiduously practised by California.

Marriage Impossible.

"Where hereditary feeble-mindedness has been clearly established, no sane person would countenance marriage. But with the discover of genes, the infinitesimal units of inheritance which may be combined in thousands of different ways, the old Galtonian enthusiasm for eugenic matings is damped.

"Heredity turns out to be a much more complicated business than was supposed. While a feeble-minded couple will always produce feeble-minded offspring, the evidence is clear that normal persons also carry defective genes which may manifest themselves in an insane progeny.

Children Suffer.

MENU SUGGESTIONS FOR TOMORROW.

A Summer Dinner Menu.

Chilled Cantaloupe

Jellied Meat Loaf Potato Salad

Bread Radishes Apple Sauce

Cherry Pudding Coffee

Jellied Meat Loaf.

(Serving Eight)

2 tablespoons granulated gelatin

6 tablespoons cold water

2 1/2 cups boiling water or stock

1 1/2 cups diced, cooked meat

2 tablespoons chopped onions

2 tablespoons chopped green

peppers

1 cup cooked peas

1/2 teaspoon salt

Soak gelatin and cold water five

minutes. Add boiling water, stir until gelatin dissolves. Cool, add rest of ingredients. Pour into glass

mould. Chill until stiff. Unmold, garnish with shredded lettuce.

Potato Salad.

(Serving Eight)

3 cups diced, cooked potatoes

2 hard cooked eggs

2/3 cup chopped cucumbers

2 tablespoons chopped pimientos

3 tablespoons chopped onions

1 teaspoon salt

1/4 teaspoon paprika

1/4 cup salad dressing

Mix ingredients, chill and serve on lettuce leaves.

Apple Sauce.

4 cups sliced, peeled new green

apples

1 cup sugar

1/4 teaspoon cinnamon

Mix cherries, sugar, lemon juice,

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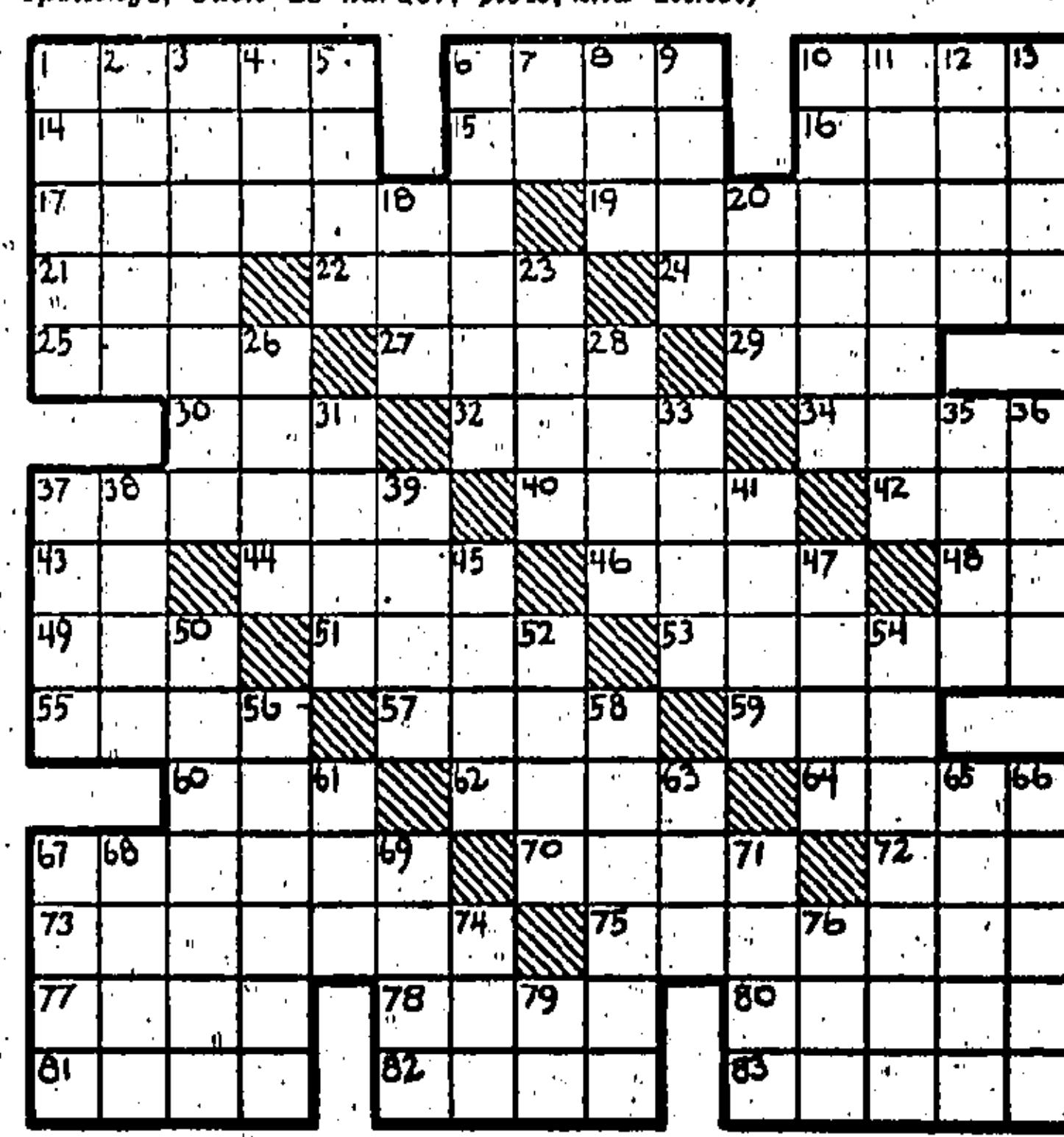
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DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert but our readers are warned to look out for occasional phonetic spellings, such as *harbor*, *plow*, and *altho*.)



HORIZONTAL
1-To sample food
6-Bottom of the foot
10-Thin strip of wood
14-Shun
15-The crop of a bird
16-Crippled
17-Sodium carbonate
18-Reduces to a lower grade
21-Young goat
22-Measure of length
24-To feel penitence
25-Slide
27-Saucy
28-Territory (abbr.)
30-Consumes
32-Old man
34-Satisty
37-A color
40-Auction
42-Etruscan household god
43-Advertisement (abbr.)
44-Appendage
45-Chart
46-Smallest State in U. S. (abbr.)
48-A beak
51-Base
52-Awaken
53-A measure of weight
57-Clock face
58-Girl's name (short)
59-Botany (abbr.)
(The solution of the above with a new cross-word puzzle) will
be given in the next issue.

TARZAN
IS
COMING

Bring Your
PRINTING
MATERIALS UP

FAIR OF MAYFLOWER AND NEW PLYMOUTH

THEORIES OF DR. FREUD BEAR UPON PURITAN

MISS CARLISLE'S NOVEL

(By JOHN CHAMBERLAIN).

New York. "We Begin," this new book is named, and it is wholly American.

The founding of Plymouth is so enrooted with myth, so much a part of the generality of every American child's common school education, that it is literally thought-stopping to try to think of it in any other than two standard ways. Save for an occasional tough-minded soul like Samuel Eliot Morison, we are like Pavlov's dogs in the matter: ring the bell of "Puritan" or "Pilgrim" in the mind, and one of two visions is conjured up, depending upon the conditioning of the reflexes—either the dully heroic vision of the monument to the founding fathers at Provincetown on Cape Cod, or the vision of a dour, life-denying stalwart in whom the milk of Elizabethan amplitude had somehow curdled.

G. K. Chesterton, for example, invariably makes the latter response; it matters little to him that the Puritans and Separatists, small tradespeople with a tradition of independence going back into Lolland England, had had little share in the spaciousness of Elizabeth's day, and hence were bound to be a trifle grim, even in an England called "merrie." The bell rings in the anti-Puritan mind, and, willy-nilly, the blanket blame goes out without any immediate marking of extenuating circumstances.

Miss Carlisle, a venturesome novelist who is always off on a new tack, tries to line up with real free-thinkers like Mr. Morison. It is quite evident that her research has been complete; indeed, her book runs so suavely that one pays her the supreme compliment of being hardly aware of the preliminary work behind it. She knows that neither Pilgrim nor Puritan were Victorian—that their expression was salty and masculine, for there is Governor Bradford's history of Plymouth plantation to prove it, not to mention Governor Winthrop's Boston diary, which even verges on prurience. She knows, too, that "freedom to worship God" was often an unconscious euphemism for "freedom to make a living." And she has tried to hold the balance true in her stylized narrative—a narrative that adopts a faintly formal running tone, with no incursion into the "prities" that were once the bane of this type of fiction.

Modern Consciousness. But Miss Carlisle's consciousness is modern, as "See How They Run" and "Mothers Cry" have shown, and it is possible although, short of the ability to read our ancestors' minds, we have no adequate means of knowing that she has had an inartistic benefit of the hindsight of modern psychology in building up her narrative. Her main personages are three—John and Eleazar Dexter, two brothers of Scrooby, and Anne, whom both John and Eleazar want and whom John marries.

The symbolism here is pat: John is the lover of life, while Eleazar, the older brother, is the man of God whose carnal urges are shunted off into religious channels—the stock figure of Freudian romance who is forever confusing desire for Sadie Thompson with the mandate to save her soul. And, as the formula specifies, the man of God capitulates, at the end, to his baser self—in this case to a desire for a London wif who is found aboard the Mayflower at sea and who is brought up by Anne Dexter as one of her own brood. There is, as a measure of poetic justice, a hanging at the close that comes with too even-handed a verbiage.

Freudian Symbolism. Now, all this Freudian symbolism may be true to universal human nature, and hence to the mind of which Miss Carlisle writes. But, marking Anne's aware of the identity of Eleazar's lust and his sense of God, it is entirely possible that the author, like her characters, has a certain amount of modern sensibility backward in time. And she has formulated this theory.

Africa Tales For Children

Frank Worthington's
Latest Volume.

African animal tales recorded by the author, Frank Worthington, who spent twenty-two years in Africa and heard these stories told many times over around the evening campfire, are contained in "The Little Wise One." In his introduction he explains how these original, simple stories were carried with them by the Negroes who were shipped to the West Indies and to the Southern States of North America and there, modified to suit another continent, became the tales that Joel Chandler Harris collected in his Uncle Remus volumes. The author explains also his theory that Aesop's Fables originated in much the same fashion as the Uncle Remus stories and points out the frequent similarity between the African stories and the fables of Aesop. Boys and girls, however,

will leave these questions to the students of folklore and will enjoy these direct, simple tales which chronicle the cleverness of the hare, "the little wise one," who is always the hero. The book has the spontaneity and humour that children enjoy, and while no boy or girl should be allowed to miss Uncle Remus, with its richer interest and its importance to American children, these tales can be read by younger children because of the absence of dialect and might be used in some cases as an introduction to Joel Chandler Harris's volumes.

The author has illustrated the book simply but adequately, and his line drawings have a touch of humour pleasing to children. For boys and girls 6 to 10.

establishment, but of agony, sweat, blood and tears, of Plymouth plantation in the wilderness given to the Plymouth Company to exploit. The lists of tools, of plates of plants and seeds, of skillets, wood trowels, pot claws, wicks, beer, rice, dried apples, herbs for physic and so on, have a fascination of their own.

Miss Carlisle's handling of the relations of the Plymouth settlement with the Indians is intelligent.

Granting him the intention of painting the Empress as "neither so great as she seemed to Voltaire nor so licentious as she seemed to Laveaux," she remains in such a

PORTRAIT OF GREAT RUSSIAN EMPRESS

FRANCIS GRIBBLE GIVES DIFFERENT PICTURE

POTEMKIN IS DISPLAYED

By HOWARD DEVREE

Catherine the great is one of those rulers seemingly doomed to remain vague impression in the minds of most people. She lived on after the French Revolution got under way and after the United States had become a nation, yet in many ways she seems as remote as Mohammed or the Great Khan.

Starting as a kind of Cinderella of fifth-rate German princessdom, the composite portrait which has come into existence in a century and a half since her death is a blur of Messalina, Machiavelli and Queen Elizabeth.

In recent years Katharine Anton has attempted with some degree of success to psychoanalyze the woman rather than the Empress, and Bernard Shaw has exploded about her legendary figure some of his less notable fireworks. One might hope for a Strachey or a Guedalia to bring a legend to life, and to make real the woman and the Empress in the midst of the life of the time—a full and flowing time whose many cross-currents make it such a deep-sea mine for the treasure-seeking historian.

Keyhole Peering.

What Francis Gribble has done, however, in "The Comedy of Catherine the Great," is to present a very limited combination of puppet show and keyhole peering. If one does not care for stiff-jointed marionettes in a rather meaningless procession against a scanty background—and seen through a small aperture—then Mr. Gribble's reader will be disappointed. However good his intentions may have been, the effect is of a long-drawn-out and dull attempt at mild sensationalism, an effect that Mr. Gribble himself would probably be the first to disavow.

Miss Carlisle's handling of the relations of the Plymouth settlement with the Indians is intelligent.

All this results in a somewhat disconcerting manner by imparting to the chronicle a jerky and disjointed progression. Certainly the book would be vastly improved for the reader brought up on the concise interpretative biography of recent years if the material had been arranged less with an eye on passive chronology and more with an insight into human motivation and national significance; if it were less a pageant of puppets and more a divining by the spirit-sense of the hidden human and historical treasure in poorly charted seas.

Assuredly Catherine was a glamorous enough person and her times sufficiently interesting for any biographer. It has been said that Peter the Great parodied Europe and that Catherine flirted with it—or, as Mr. Gribble puts it, she looked westward from a window on the Neva. But Catherine herself was a native of Stettin and spent the first fifteen years of her life under German influences. Superimposed on a semi-Oriental background and transferred to a court where Mr. Gribble is fond of repeating that anything might happen, her subsequent career requires careful analysis and explanation rather than a sloughing off of the historian's responsibilities behind the possibility of incredible things coming to be.

DEDICATION.

It has flown now to the impenetrable black spaces behind the farthest star; I call and I call, but it will never come back. Where the sun and birds and flowers are.

It has plunged to the deepest chasm of the sea, and purple waves guard where it hides; Gone, gone it has, and it will not come back to me. Though I wait for a million years.

Once, long ago, it used to whisper to me. But I was deaf and never knew. And now it is far beyond the stars and the clouds. The world that would write

NEVER CHANGE FROM "Gold Flake"
"GOLD FLAKE"
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TUESDAY, September 13, 1932, commencing at 11 a.m., at the premises of Messrs. Browns, Ltd. (In Liquidation), No. 3, Gloucester Arcade.

A Quantity of

SHOP FITTINGS comprising—

Stands, Large Mirrors, Shelves, Armchairs, Carpets, Ceiling and Window Lights, Table Fans, Teak Desks, Tables, Sewing Machines, Clothes Hangers, Working Tables, etc., etc.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery. LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

Hong Kong, September 12, 1932.

GENERAL NOTICES.

HONG KONG FOOTBALL
ASSOCIATION.

A MEETING of the League Management Committee will be held in the office of the Association, 20, Ice Horse Street, at 5 p.m. on TUESDAY, 13th September, 1932, to arrange fixtures for the forthcoming season. Club Secretaries may attend if they so desire.

W. E. HOLLANDS,
Hon. Secretary.

Hong Kong, 9th September, 1932.

NEW PIANOFORTE ACADEMY.

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Price List of Flower and Vegetable Seeds for 1932 Season with brief cultural instruction and approximate time for sowing.

The opportunity of forwarding you a copy, will be a pleasure and your commands will have our best attention.

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These diamonds can be washed with soap and water and can be used for more than 100 years. Price per carat, H.K. \$7.50.

Terms Cash or C.O.D. Those who

purchase diamonds to the value of H.K. \$30 or more will get 10% discount.

Send your orders direct to the

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P.O. Box No. 240, Peninsula St.

When ordering, mention "The China Mail".

FULL COURT SUSTAINS MURDER CONVICTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

murderous disposition generally and likely to commit another murder and it did not in any way tend to suggest that he was. It was offered in order to prove that he was the person who employed Lau to procure the murder and in my opinion it was clearly admissible for that purpose.

"I think that the conviction should be affirmed."

Those present in Court included: Hon. Sir Henry Follock, K.C., Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, Messrs. Leo D'Almada, sen., J. M. Remedios, M. K. Lo, Horace Lo, Hin-shing Lo, M. W. Lo, D. L. Strellett, F. H. Lobsley, G. S. Ford, E. L. Agassiz, E. H. P. Lang, T. S. Whyte-Smith of the Supreme Court, and A. R. S. Major, Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Confirms Verdict.

Mr. Justice Wood's judgment on reserved points of law in the Village Road Murder trial, was read before a crowded, silent court room at the Supreme Court this morning, the verdict of "guilty" passed at the previous being affirmed.

Mr. Wood's occupied almost an hour to read his 13 page judgment, and when the interpreter announced the verdict had been upheld, and that sentence would be passed on Wednesday morning at 10 a.m., a buzz of interest broke out among those present.

The accused youth, Cheng Kow-yau, who was charged with procuring the murder of George Fung on the night of March 24, was not in the Court, but Mr. R. C. H. Lim, one of the defending counsel, intimated that the case would go before the Privy Council.

Charge of Murder.

The accused was indicted for murder. The particulars in the indictment indicated that the charge would be supported by evidence adduced to show that he was an accessory before the fact to the murder of George Fung. The murder was alleged to have been committed upon the 24th March, 1932. The incidents evidenced for the Crown

stated, Large Mirrors, Shelves, Armchairs, Carpets, Ceiling and Window Lights, Table Fans, Teak Desks, Tables, Sewing Machines, Clothes Hangers, Working Tables, etc., etc.

TERMS—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS., Auctioneers.

Hong Kong, September 12, 1932.

March at the Kum Tui Hotel in the afternoon Lau, Tsui and Wong were together. Lau was there at different times between 3.30 p.m. and 10 p.m. Observations were conducted from the hotel upon the movements of Fung. On the 9th March Tsui rented a cubicle in the Happy Valley district for the use of the conspirators. This cubicle was resorted to by both Lau and Wong. A fire-arm was kept there.

On the evening of the 19th March Tsui, Wong and another went out from the cubicle intending to shoot Fung. No shot was fired and the attempt was abandoned on that occasion.

Second Fire-Arm.

On the 20th March Tsui enlisted the services of a new agent named Kwan to kill Fung. A second fire-arm was introduced into the cubicle on the same date for Kwan's use. On the 24th March at 7.45 p.m. the conspirators attended at the cubicle including Tsui, Lau, Wong and Kwan. Wong and Kwan went out and loitered in Shan Kwong Road. Fung and Lai Ming-fai came out of a house and Fung was shot by Wong. Tsui was present in a car in order to aid the assailants to escape.

On the 26th March, Lau paid \$2,000 to Tsui as a reward to the conspirators. Lau, the chauffeur of the accused, cannot be found in the Colony. It was stated in evidence by Christie and Zimmern that the accused on the morning of the 21st March in Kowloon on the way to the Ferry said to Christie "I have a trusted chauffeur who is under an obligation to me." This remark formed part of a conversation to which I must refer later. Lai Ming-fai came out of a house and Fung was shot by Wong. Tsui was present in a car in order to aid the assailants to escape.

No suggestion has been made that the evidence which has been set out so far is not both relevant and admissible.

The Crown has tendered also other evidence to which objection is here taken the same objection having been taken already at the trial. This evidence was received and submitted to the jury in support of the indictment. It was derived from the witnesses Zimmern and Christie and falls into two sections. In the first section it was stated that on the 20th March the accused invited Zimmern to bring his friends to dinner. The accused met Zimmern, Christie and two other men, that evening at the Yee Fong Chan restaurant. At this restaurant the accused invited Zimmern and his party to go with him to the Nathan Hotel there and then to assault Fung. They went to the Nathan Hotel arriving on the 21st March between 1 a.m. and 2 a.m. The avowed object of the accused at this time was to "save his own face" by smacking Fung's face. Fung did not leave his room and the assault did not take place. Conversation then ensued between the accused, Zimmern and Christie at the Nathan Hotel.

On the 24th February Lai Ming-fai met the accused in the Hong Kong Hotel by her own appointment. She there handed to him certain jewellery and asked him not to interfere with her any more. The accused replied that he would never let two live happily together and would spend all his money in preventing it.

On the 18th March in the early morning the girl left the room occupied by herself and Fung in the Nathan Hotel to answer the telephone (which errand seemed to be the result of a ruse) and on her return noticed the accused, who was in the adjoining room, staring at her with his arms folded.

Zimmern A Guard.

On the 5th March (I now deal with Zimmern's evidence) the accused met Zimmern for the first time. He engaged Zimmern at a salary as his body guard. On the 6th March the accused took Zimmern and a party of guests to the Repulse Bay Hotel. Fung and Lai Ming-fai were together at the hotel.

The accused gave Zimmern money and asked him to go to a separate table so that they might not be observed together by Fung and the girl. On or about the 12th March the accused narrated to Zimmern the story of his relations with Lai Ming-fai and expressed his annoyance at her desertion. On or about the 16th March at 2 a.m. the accused, shedding tears of distress, asked Zimmern to give him a knife so that he might go to the Nathan Hotel and look for Fung. On or about the 17th March in the afternoon the accused told Zimmern that he had visited the Nathan Hotel and by use of a faked telephone call had brought Fung and the girl from their room and had said to them "I warn you, you beware." On the same night (it is possible that this date is not definitely fixed) the accused told Zimmern that he had shadowed Fung and that he would pay these agents only if Fung's death was effected. Zimmern said: "Why not leave it in my hands?" and the accused replied that he would "see about it."

On the 20th March the accused told Zimmern that the two men had failed to follow his instructions.

Scene of Murder.

On the 24th March from 4.30 p.m. to 8.40 p.m. Zimmern and the accused were together at several places. At 8.30 p.m. the accused said he was going to the telephone and went away. On the 25th February at 8.40 p.m. he came back after a few minutes

and then said that he would go back to his abode, 50 Village Road, Happy Valley, in order to get money. The accused drove Zimmern and another person in his car to Happy Valley. On passing the hospital to which the deceased had been taken and outside where a crowd had gathered he remarked to Zimmern that there must have been a motor-car accident. On arrival the accused went into his house and Zimmern and his friend remained outside in his car. The accused on his return seemed afraid for his own safety. He drove them back to the town and the friend got out en route and left them. The accused afterwards said to Zimmern "George Fung is dead. Lai Ming-fai has rung up my house and swears vengeance against me."

Further the accused told Zimmern to keep quiet otherwise he might be killed in the same way. Zimmern and the accused remained together until 6 a.m. the following morning. The accused then gave Zimmern \$50 and told him to go to Canton which he did.

Chauffeur Missing.

Lau, the chauffeur of the accused, cannot be found in the Colony. It was stated in evidence by Christie and Zimmern that the accused on the morning of the 21st March in Kowloon on the way to the Ferry said to Christie "I have a trusted chauffeur who is under an obligation to me."

On the 20th March Tsui enlisted the services of a new agent named Kwan to kill Fung. A second fire-arm was introduced into the cubicle on the same date for Kwan's use. On the 24th March at 7.45 p.m. the conspirators attended at the cubicle including Tsui, Lau, Wong and Kwan. Wong and Kwan went out and loitered in Shan Kwong Road. Fung and Lai Ming-fai came out of a house and Fung was shot by Wong. Tsui was present in a car in order to aid the assailants to escape.

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CINEMA
NOTES

MAIL REVIEW

"THIS IS THE NIGHT"—KING'S THEATRE.

Throughout a story of complex situations, tinged with romance, Charles Ruggles and Roland Young, the two drest comedians on the screen, kept crowded houses in spasms of laughter at the King's Theatre yesterday, when "This is the Night" commenced its five day run.

Underneath the humour of the theme, there runs a strong streak of sentiment, and the combination has produced a film far above the average.

The greater part of the plot is in the beautiful setting of Venice, where Young, as the man about town, has landed owing to complications following on his attentions to the wife of a champion javelin thrower. With his so-called wife whom he adopts to ally suspicions of the athlete, he finds his troubles only just commencing, and the presence of Ruggles does much to aggravate his predicament.

It is the funniest film seen in the Colony for a considerable time, and is one that should not be missed.

MAIL REVIEW

"WHEN A FELLER NEEDS A FRIEND"—QUEEN'S THEATRE.

If anyone has a doubt that Jackie Cooper can act and interpret a role assigned to him with as much perfection and naturalness as any of his bigger colleagues, he should see "When a Feller Needs a Friend," which opened at the Queen's Theatre yesterday. The entire film is made for Jackie, and he carries off admirably. It is not merely the story and action that count, but the boyish attitude and spirit which pervade the picture.

Jackie Cooper is so convincing that he brings tears to the eyes of the onlooker, and the next moment he makes them smile again, for he pictures tragedy with as much perfection as happiness.

Charles "Chic" Sole, as the jolly and sympathetic uncle, and Jackie as the little cripple, are an inseparable pair.

Excellent direction is executed with great care not only for settings, but especially for good, fast dialogue and naturalness of action; all of which gives it an effect of spontaneity and

FULL TEXT OF CHENG MURDER JUDGMENT

(Continued from page 5).

accused offered \$10,000 to Christie if he would kill Fung; that Christie, Zimmern and the accused remain together during the day and discussed the possibility of killing Fung either by shooting or by the use of potassium cyanide the accused expressing his preference for shooting; that Christie purchased a hypodermic syringe and some potassium cyanide with money furnished by the accused and handed the same to the accused; that the accused encouraged Christie to carry out the proposal by the promise of the chauffeur's assistance, and also by alleging that being under 21 years of age Christie was not liable to capital punishment. Christie, Zimmern and the accused consulted one firm of solicitors, Messrs. Lo & Lo, to obtain, if they could, a confirmation of this opinion of the law; and that Zimmern and Christie on the invitation of the accused and with money provided by him obtained two other solicitors' opinions. Further that on the 22nd March the accused told Zimmern and Christie that he had experimented upon a chicken with the hypodermic syringe and poison and that it had died but that he had damaged the syringe; also that at the request of the accused Christie then purchased a second syringe on his behalf which he delivered to the accused. Further that on the 25th March before 5 a.m. the accused who had given Zimmern \$50 at the same time gave Christie a further \$10 to give to Zimmern. Firstly that on the evening of the 24th March Zimmern produced to the accused the receipt given by Messrs. Lo and Lo, Solicitors, for their professional fee and that the accused destroyed this paper.

Deny Murder Intent.

Zimmern and Christie have disclaimed any intention of killing Fung and have said their object was to obtain by fraud the money of the accused.

The evidence was not in fact analysed by Counsel before us in the above detail but I am satisfied that I have set it out with sufficient accuracy for the present purpose.

It is to be observed that the evidence to which objection is taken primarily discloses a criminal incitement by the accused which forms no part of the particulars given in the indictment itself. The evidence relates to an incitement of different persons from those named in the indictment and also an incitement to use an alternative to the use of fire-arms different in kind from those in fact used by the persons named in the indictment. It describes also an incitement which was never effectual as the witnesses themselves at no time intended to kill Fung. Moreover, the incitement is not a link in the chain of evidence alleged to have led from the criminal intent of the accused through the channel of his chauffeur Lau's activities to the murder of Fung. The story told in this evidence discloses crimes other than the crime charged which may be separately designated and punished.

The relevance of this evidence to this prosecution has been questioned before us for these reasons and the admissibility has been challenged on the plea that it has been used to prove complicity in the alleged offence by showing complicity in a distinct but similar offence. It is salutary here to recall the advice of Viscount Birkenhead (which is to be found in "Rutherford v. Richardson" 1928 A.C. 5) who there said "The issues pronounced upon by Courts in criminal matters are attended with such decided consequences that the adoption in matters of evidence of a standard of admissibility which is so cautious as to be meticulous may not only be defended but is in fact essential."

In my opinion the evidence was rightly received.

Denies Defence Plea.

I have reached the conclusion that the contention by the defence that the evidence to which objection is taken forms a different transaction from the transaction under consideration cannot be sustained.



The Chief Justice, Sir Joseph Kemp, K.C., who read his judgment in the Full Court this morning, concurring with the Puisne Judge, in affirming the conviction of Cheng Kwok-yau.

by saying that act is admissible because it is part of the res gestae has never, so far as I am aware, been explained in a satisfactory manner. I suspect it of being a phrase adopted to provide a respectable legal cloak for a variety of cases to which no formula of precision can be applied. . . . The term nevertheless affords an efficient classification of material. It is fundamental in the law of evidence. The authoritative statement of the law is to be found in Stephen's Digest of the Law of Evidence 7th Edition (1906) Article 3 which is as follows:

"(Relevancy of facts) forming part of the same transaction as the facts in issue). A transaction is a group of facts so connected together as to be referred to by a single legal name, as a crime Every fact which is part of the same transaction as the facts in issue is deemed to be relevant to the issue, although it may not be actually in issue He adds:

"Whether any particular fact is or is not part of the same transaction as the facts in issue is a question of law upon which no principle has been stated by authority and on which single judges have given different decisions."

(See also 13 Halsbury "Laws of England" p. 420 par. 585).

In less technical language, a similar statement of the law is to be found in 9 Halsbury "Laws of England" p. 380 par. 740:-

"The evidence must be confined to the facts which constitute or are connected with the offence charged and proof cannot generally be given by other facts which have no connection with this offence. If, however, there are other facts which are so inextricably mixed up with the facts which constitute the offence charged as to form one transaction, proof may be given of such other facts. . . . All the details of the alleged criminal transaction are relevant to the case for the prosecution as being part of the res gestae and should be proved."

The learned author in 13 Halsbury "Laws of England" p. 437 par. 609 also states:-

"In testifying to the matter in issue witnesses must state them not in their barest possible form, but with a reasonable fullness of detail and circumstance."

Rules of Procedure.

A judicial statement of the doctrine is contained in the judgment of Kennedy J. delivered in the report of R. V. Bond (C.C.R.) 1906 2 K.B. at page 400:-

"The general rule" (i.e. the rule excluding prior criminal conduct of the accused from the evidence) "cannot be applied where the facts which constitute distinct offences are at the same time part of the transaction which is the subject of the indictment." Evidence is "necessarily admissible" in so far as it is properly related to the history of the guilty act.

Clear Examples.

One clear example of this is the case of "R. v. Ellis" (1899) 1 Q.B. 77 the prisoner was indicted for obtaining by false pretences in connection with a sale of porcelain.

paper advertisement from which other frauds followed. Evidence of those other frauds was admitted not as relevant to any particular issue in the case but as forming part of one fraudulent transaction namely a bogus business. On the other hand in "R. v. Ellis" 1910 2 K.B. 746 the charge was for defrauding A by false pretences in connection with a sale of porcelain. Reference was made in cross-examination of the accused to other and different false pretences by which it was alleged the accused had fraudulently obtained money on other occasions but also from A and also on a sale of porcelain. It was held that the question was asked in breach of the Criminal Evidence Act 1898 S. 1 S.S. (f). In other words it was held that this was a series of separate fraudulent transactions and not one fraudulent business. "There was no systematic course of swindling by the same methods" (Bray J. at P. 761) (see also "R. v. Fisher" 1910 1 K.B. 149).

Conduct Important.

To apply the doctrine to the present case. The transaction under inquiry is the murder of George Fung. The story of the transaction commenced from the desertion of the accused by Lau Ming-fai and culminated in the death of George Fung. The conduct of the accused during this interval of time is an incident of this event. Any person listening to the narrative told by the witnesses so far as the evidence has been received without question, would naturally inquire "Between the abortive attempt by his chauffeur's agents on the 19th March to murder Fung and their successful attempt with his chauffeur's support upon the 24th March, what was the accused himself doing in the meantime?" Without this evidence the story, to use the word I have suggested, would be "incomplete". The evidence comes under Stephen's classification "Evidence deemed to be relevant to the issue". It is one piece of the puzzle which the jury are entitled to handle and fit into the whole to the best of their ability.

Not Restricted.

It is not necessary to emphasize the fact that the prosecution is not debarred from telling the whole story of the prisoner's doings merely because it includes other of his criminal acts not specially charged in the indictment. (Russell "Crimes" 7th Edition p. 2011 cited above). The same remark applied to all evidence adduced whether strictly relevant or merely deemed to be so.

However the argument for the Crown before us has been directed to showing the strict relevancy of this evidence to the main issue, whether the facts are to be included in one transaction as the charge laid in the indictment, or not, and in my view this contention will also prevail.

That is a case of criminal homicide. The Crown alleges that the accused through Lau murdered Fung. The facts in issue which the Crown must prove are four in number.

1. That Fung was murdered. 2. That he was murdered through Lau. 3. That Lau himself had a principal. 4. That this principal was the accused.

The first and second of these facts are not here in doubt. That Lau himself is the agent of someone else has been shown by the absence of any motive of his own and by his control of large sums of money for the purpose of his crime. The question arising here is upon the fourth issue. The problem has become one of identity of the identity of the accused with a criminal known aliunde to exist.

To prove the identity with the actual perpetrator of a person sought to be implicated in criminal homicide proof of his hostility toward the deceased is relevant evidence. The evidence herein of Zimmern and Christie to which reference has been taken is such matter and is admissible.

Evidence of Hostility. Some argument has been advanced on the definition of the exact issue to which this evidence is related. For the Crown it has been suggested that their evidence of hostility is available only in the fact that Lau, who is named in the indictment, was in fact incited by Zimmern and Christie to commit the homicide. The evidence in the report of R. V. Bond (C.C.R.) 1906 2 K.B. at page 400, in so far as it is relevant to the history of the guilty act, is

you can prove previous acts or words of the accused to show he entertained feelings of enmity towards the deceased, and that is evidence not merely of the malicious mind with which he killed the deceased, but of the fact that he killed him. You can give in evidence the enmity of the accused towards the deceased's wife. Evidence of motive necessarily goes to prove the fact of the homicide by the accused. This dictum was also repeated by Lord Atkinson (in "Thompson v. The King" 1918 A.C. at p. 227) where he said in his judgment "In a case of homicide . . . evidence is admissible to prove that the accused entertained feelings of hatred towards, or a desire to be revenged upon the deceased, in order to prove that he killed the deceased, not merely quo animo he did so". This dictum as it seems to me can only be interpreted to mean what when a homicide has been proved enmity against the deceased may be used to connect an accused person with it. (See also 13 Halsbury "Laws of England" p. 447 par. 621).

The matter has been stated also in 9 Halsbury "Laws of England" page 378, para. 740 in the following terms "The prosecution must first give a satisfactory proof of the corpus delicti i.e. that the offence charged has been committed by someone. The prosecution must then prove that the defendant is the person who committed the offence charged. Any facts which affirmatively prove either of these propositions are relevant evidence for the prosecution." In neither of the two cases reported, from which the dictum of Lord Atkinson has been quoted, was the evidence then under discussion admitted that prove the corpus delicti. The proper use of the evidence of hostility in the present case is to establish the identity of the accused with the offender sought to be identified, and the evidence is held admissible for this purpose.

Case Properly Left.

In his summing up that learned Chief Justice distinguished to the jury at the outset the two issues, the fact of the incitement of Lau and the identity of his incitator.

That the case was properly left to the jury on sufficient evidence is to my mind abundantly clear. As Lord Buckmaster has remarked (I quote again from Craig v. Glasgow Corporation cited supra) "If a set of circumstances are actually consistent with a number of varying hypotheses no one can be selected as the one that is true". The standard of proof which a jury in a criminal trial must require is described in 9 Halsbury "Laws of England" p. 588 para. 1190 "A jury must be satisfied" . . . that the facts were such as to be inconsistent with any other rational conclusion than that he (i.e. the accused) was the guilty person".

The duty of the trial judge is to see to it that the verdict of the jury is given, after proper instruction in their functions, not in the field of supposition and conjecture but of facts and inference. He may recognise that the jury have before them a choice of alternative inferences all of which may be reasonable and he must explain to them the principles of selection which should guide them but he must not constitute himself a judge of fact in their place. The indictment submitted to this jury was in fact supported by cogent evidence. The jury in this case saw the witnesses and I have not seen them. But in these proceedings I have not been invaded by any doubt that the verdict of the jury may not have been both rationally and to their minds necessarily given.

In my opinion the evidence of Zimmern and Christie which we are asked to reject was rightly admitted and the case for the Crown was properly left to the jury. The verdict must in my view be allowed to stand.



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SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports and Honolulu.
 SHINYO MARU Wednesday, 21st September.
 CHICHIBU MARU Wednesday, 5th October.
 SEATTLE, VANCOUVER via Shanghai & Japan Ports.
 HEIAN MARU Tuesday, 18th September.
 LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via
 Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.
 HAKONE MARU Saturday, 17th September.
 SUWA MARU Saturday, 1st October.
 SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Porta.
 ATSUTA MARU Saturday, 24th September.
 RAMO MARU Saturday, 22nd October.
 MANILA.
 SHINYO MARU Tuesday, 13th September.
 HOMBAY via Singapore, Penang, & Colombo.
 † BENGAL MARU (calls Karachi) Thursday, 15th September.
 SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu,
 Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
 HEIYO MARU Tuesday, 18th October.
 NEW YORK, BOSTON via Panama.
 LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Beyrouth Istanbul Piraeus Genoa
 & Valencia.
 † LYONS MARU Saturday, 17th September.
 CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.
 † YAMAGATA MARU Thursday, 15th September.
 † RANGOON MARU Thursday, 29th September.
 SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
 † TOYOKA MARU Wednesday, 14th September.
 HAKOZAKI MARU Friday, 16th September.
 † CALCUTTA MARU Sunday, 18th September.
 † Cargo only.

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O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG & ANTWERP via Aden	London Maru	Wed.	9th Nov.
NEW YORK via Japan, Los Angeles and Panama, Call Direct at Cristobal, Puerto Colombia, Boston Philadelphia, Baltimore	Tokai Maru	Tues.	13th Sept.
RIO-DE-JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AIRES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban, PORT ELIZABETH and Cape Town	Hokuroku Maru	Wed.	28th Sept.
MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, DARES SALAAM, BEIRA, LOURENCO MARQUES, DURBAN, PORT ELIZABETH, CAPE TOWN and SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS	Rio de Janeiro Maru	Tues.	27th Sept.
Via Singapore & Colombo, MANILA, MELBOURNE, BRISBANE, SYDNEY, WELLINGTON & AUCKLAND direct	Manila Maru	Fri.	7th Oct.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Belawan Deli, Penang and Colombo, additional direct call at CATCH MANDVI and KARACHI via Singapore and Colombo	Brisbane Maru	Wed.	5th Oct.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang and Rangoon	Argon Maru	Mon.	19th Sept.
JAPAN PORTS	Havre Maru	Tues.	4th Oct.
JAPAN via Takao & Keelung	Alaska Maru	Thurs.	6th Oct.
KEELUNG via Swatow and Amoy (8 p.m. every Sunday)	Hamburg Maru	Tues.	20th Sept.
TAKAO via Swatow and Amoy (Noon, every other Thursday)	Himalaya Maru	Sat.	24th Sept.
	Canada Maru	Mon.	10th Oct.
	Hoxan Maru	Sun.	18th Sept.
	Canton Maru	Sun.	25th Sept.
	Deli Maru	Thurs.	22nd Sept.

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For Further Particulars Please apply to:—

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Telephone 23061.

HIGH RAINFALL FIGURES.

The monthly water return for September, shows the consumption in the City and Hill districts totalled 386.95 million gallons, while the consumption on the mainland totalled 181.19 million gallons.

The estimated consumption per head per day is 334 gallons on the Island, and 20.9 gallons on the mainland.

The total storage in the reservoirs on the Island is 2,289.41 million gallons as compared with 2,102.43 million gallons at this time last year. The Kowloon reservoirs contain a total of 687.25 million gallons, all the reservoirs being level.

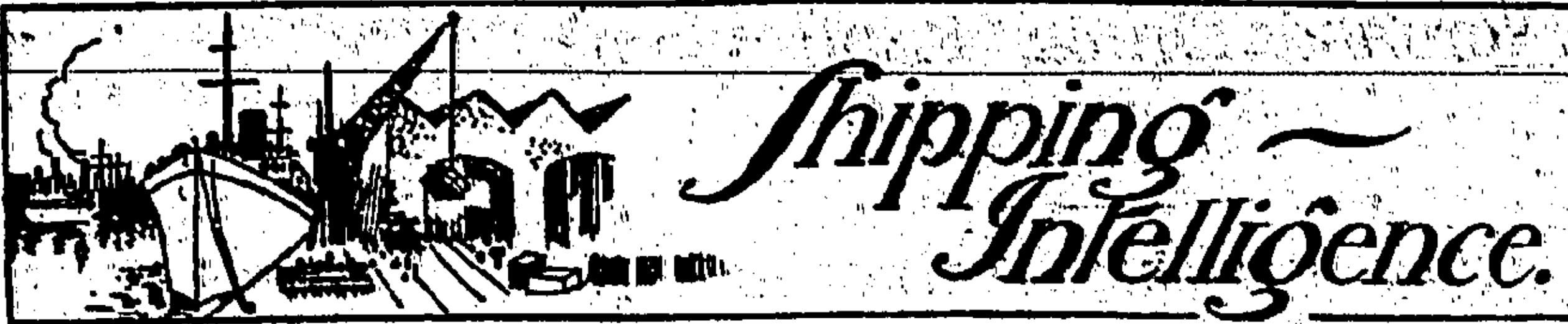
The rainfall for the year recorded at the Royal Observatory up to August 31st was 10.5 inches as against 10.0 inches for the corresponding period of last year.

HONG KONG TIDES.

The time used is Standard, or mean time of the meridian of 120 deg. E., 00h. is midnight, 12h. is noon. The heights are referred to the datum of the largest scale Admiralty chart of the place and should be added to the depths given on the chart unless preceded by an asterisk (*), when they should be subtracted from the depth.

September 12 to 18, 1932.

Date	High Water	Low Water	Standard Ht.	Standard Ht.
	Times.	Times.		
Sept. 12	H. 11. 07 05 7.1 00 23 43			
Mon.	13	21 23 5.1 14 22 13		
Tues.	14	07 59 7.4 01 24 13		
Wed.	15	21 45 5.4 14 55 13		
Thurs.	16	06 45 7.4 02 10 13		
	22 05 5.4 15 24			
	22 15 5.3 15 44			
	22 25 5.3 15 54			
	22 35 5.3 16 14			
	22 45 5.3 16 34			
	22 55 5.3 16 54			
	23 05 5.4 17 14			
	23 15 5.4 17 34			
	23 25 5.4 17 54			
	23 35 5.4 18 14			
	23 45 5.4 18 34			
	23 55 5.4 18 54			



Arrivals Of Ships

Friday, Sept. 9.
 Albert Sarraut, French str., 1,181 tons, Capt. A. Hubert, from Saigon, buoy No. B21.—M. M. Tai Poo Sek, French str., 1,219 tons, Capt. M. Paul, from Ft. Bayard, C.M.S.N. Wharf—Wo Hop & Co.

Saturday, Sept. 10.
 Chengtu, British str., 1,338 tons, Capt. W. J. King, from Hoi-hou, buoy No. B18.—B. & S. City of Melbourne, British str., 4,125 tons, Capt. T. R. Watkins, from Keelung, buoy No. A3.—Bank Line.

Hulchow, British str., 1,222 tons, Capt. A. H. Bathurst, from Canton, buoy No. C3.—B. & S. Hydrangea, British str., 5,611 tons, Capt. P. W. Griswold, from Swatow, Chiou On & Co.

Kaga Maru, Japanese str., 3,615 tons, Capt. N. Komeyama, from Shanghai, buoy No. A1.—N.Y.K.

Ningpo, British str., 1,228 tons, Capt. G. Wright, from Amoy, buoy No. B3.—B. & S. Philocetes, British str., 7,177 tons, Capt. J. Ramsay, from Singapore, Holt's Wharf.—B. & S. Ryokai Maru, Japanese str., 2,905 tons, Capt. M. Akiyama, from Parseval Bay, Kowloon Bay.—Y. Sato & Co.

Sinkiang, British str., 1,616 tons, Capt. J. S. G. Brown, from Canton, buoy No. B15.—B. & S.

Song Bo, French str., 720 tons, Capt. Le Chevalier, from Haiphong, buoy No. B4.—M.M.

Tonkin, French str., 906 tons, Capt. J. Bonn动员, from Ft. Bayard, buoy No. C11.—M. M.

Yuan On, British str., 1,116 tons, Capt. O. Soovik, from Canton, buoy No. B10.—Kwong Sang Loong.

Sunday, Sept. 11.
 Bremerhaven, German str., 1,614 tons, Capt. J. Engels, from Rabaul via Madang, buoy No. C4.—Melchers & Co.

Clara Jebson, Danish str., Capt. K. Dahl, from Saigon, buoy No. B8.—Jebson & Co.

Eng. Lee, Chinese str., 383 tons, Capt. H. Maki, from Canton, buoy No. C1.—Yee Tai Hong.

Haiyang, British str., 1,363 tons, Capt. Erwin, from Swatow, Douglas Wharf—Douglas & Co.

Marien Moller, British str., 2,440 tons, Capt. F. V. Benz, from Chinwangtso, buoy No. 25.—Doddwell & Co.

Tchekam, British str., 806 tons, Capt. Lai Yee, from Hoihow, buoy No. B6.—Wo On & Co.

These special rates should prove very attractive for those wishing to visit Shanghai for the Autumn Race Meeting which takes place on November 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 12. The champions being run on November 9.

The R.M.S. liner "Empress of Canada" from Canada is due here on September 16 (Friday) at 9 a.m. She leaves Hong Kong for Manila the same day at 5 p.m.

The Ben Line s.s. Benvorlich from Leith, Middlesbrough, Antwerp, London and Straits left Singapore for this port on September 8 and is due to arrive here on September 14, 1932.

The total tonnage entered yesterday was 26,809. Freight rates were up to the mark, both the inwards and throughs reaching five figures.

There were 12 inward registries, of which four were British and four of four figures, while of the four throughs, two were British and four of four figures. Two vessels arrived in ballast.

Passengers entered during the period included 19 Europeans and 2,006 Asiatic deck, British vessels carrying 1,412 out of the total in all classes.

Details follow:—

Arr. H'Kong	Dep.	Through
Nationality	Cargo Tons	Cargo Tons
British	4 120	4 2,688
American	1 2,553	1 1,823
French	1 2,500	—
Chinese	2 1,070	2
Japanese	—	2
Norwegian	—	3
Danish	—	1
Total	8 6,655	13 4,517

Yesterday's Figures.

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Details follow:—

Arr. H'Kong	Dep.	Through
Nationality	Cargo Tons	Cargo Tons
British	4 3,672	6 3,460
Dutch	1	1,917
German	1 982	—
Danish	1 2,350	—
French	2 1,150	—
Japanese	4 3,749	2 4,865
Chinese	2 45	2
American	—	1
Total	15 11,048	13 10,242

STEAMERS' MOVEMENTS.

The R.M.S. liner "Empress of Canada" from Canada is due here on September 16 (Friday) at 9 a.m. She leaves Hong Kong for Manila the same day at 5 p.m.

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HARBOUR OFFICE.

Freights Reduced On Saturday.

SUNDAY IS NORMAL.

The Harbour Office Reports during the week-end showed a free movement of vessels. Freight rates on Saturday were low, both the inwards and throughs falling to reach five figures. The total tonnage entered was 22,000. There were four inward registries, of which one was British and three of four figures, while of the five throughs, four were British and two of four figures. Two vessels arrived in ballast.

Passengers entered during the period included 50 Europeans and 38 Asiatic deck, British vessels carrying 56 out of the total in all classes.

Details follow:—

Arr. H'Kong	Dep.	Through
Nationality	Cargo Tons	Cargo Tons
British	4 120	4 2,688
American	1 2,553	1 1,823
French	1 2,500	—
Chinese	2 1,070	2
Japanese	—	2
Norwegian	—	3
Danish	—	1
Total	8 6,655	13 4,517

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Passengers entered during the period included 19 Europeans and 2,006 Asiatic deck, British vessels carrying 1,412 out of the total in all classes.

Details follow:—

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S.S.	Tons	From Hong Kong About	Destination
TRANCHI	17,000	24th Sept.	1932.
MIRZAPORE	6,700	5th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
CARTHAGE	14,000	8th Oct.	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
+SOMALI	6,800	15th Oct.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
NALDERA	16,000	22nd Oct.	Marseilles, London, Havre, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	5th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
+BANGALORE	6,500	12th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles, London, Havre, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
CORFU	15,000	19th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
COMORIN	15,000	3rd Dec.	Bombay, M'selles, London, Havre, Hamburg, Rotterdam, Antwerp & Hull.
+BHUTAN	8,000	10th Dec.	Bombay, M'selles & London.
RANPURA	17,000	17th Dec.	Bombay, M'selles & London.
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	31st Dec.	Bombay, M'selles & London.

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Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Pireaus, Smyrna and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

S.S.	Tons	1932.	From Hong Kong About	Destination
TAKADA	7,000	15th Sept.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.	
+SIRDHANA	8,000	25th Sept.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.	
TILAWA	10,000	15th Oct.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.	

*Calls Rangoon. +Calls Port Swettenham.

B.I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South).

S.S.	Tons	1932.	From Hong Kong About	Destination
NANKIN	7,000	1st Oct.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.	
NELLORE	7,000	2nd Nov.		
TANDA	7,000	2nd Dec.		

Regular monthly sailings from Hong Kong to Shanghai and Japan and Hong Kong to Australia.

Hong Kong to Sydney—19 days.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—

The Union S.S. Company's steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London and

The P. & O. Branch Service of steamers to London via Suez.

The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

Cheap Summer Trips to Japan — June to Sept.

S.S.	Tons	1932.	From Hong Kong About	Destination
NALDERA	16,000	22nd Sept.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
TILAWA	10,000	22nd Sept.	Amoy, Shai, Moi, Kobe & Osaka.	
NAGOYA	6,800	25th Sept.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
BANGALORE	6,800	4th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.	
RAJPUTANA	17,000	7th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.	
CORFU	15,000	21st Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.	
+BHUTAN	5,000	30th Oct.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.	
COMORIN	15,000	4th Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.	
RANPURA	17,000	15th Nov.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.	
+SOUUDAN	6,500	29th Nov.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
MALWA	11,000	29th Nov.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	2nd Dec.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
BANCHI	7,000	14th Dec.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
BURDWAN	5,500	20th Dec.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	
CARTHAGE	14,000	30th Dec.	Shanghai, Moi, Kobe & Yokohama.	

*Cargo only.

All steamers are subject to the usual conditions of carriage.

All steamers are fitted with wireless telegraphy.

Passenger tickets and fares can be obtained at any P. & O. office.

For further information apply to the Manager, P. & O. Office, 12, Queen's Buildings, London, W.C.1.

For further information apply to the Manager, P. & O. Office, 12, Queen's Buildings, London, W.C.1.

JAPANESE BOYCOTT BROKEN?

"Traitors" Alleged To Be Buying.

INVESTIGATION REQUEST.

Stating that certain Chinese ship owners are purchasing and using Japanese coal, to the detriment of the Chinese coal industry, in connection with their business, the Seamen's Union and the Pilots' Union have written to the Shanghai Chinese Shipowners Association requesting that body to conduct an investigation so as to determine who are the traitors and punish them accordingly. The writers say that the blood of the Chinese who have died on the field of battle against the Japanese had not yet dried up when these traitors resumed trading negotiations with the Japanese simply in order to benefit themselves. Should this practice be continued, they declare, they will refuse to work on Chinese ships.

The Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railway Transportation Hong Association, Nantao, has issued copies of a printed circular to members announcing that a letter purporting to emanate from the "Purified Heart and Hot Blood Corps for the Extermination of Traitors" has been received, warning members against transporting Japanese goods. Consequently, says the circular, all members are urged to refuse to transport any more Japanese goods. Persons failing to observe this warning will be severely dealt with by the Association.

AQUITANIA'S £150 MANOEUVRE.

B.O.T.'s Statutory

The look-out man cried, "Man overboard! Man overboard!" and the Aquitania shuddered and shook as she reversed and turned sharply, answering to the helm. Men and women came tumbling out of their cabins, for the great ship had lurched so that all were awake. Some of the more unbalanced were even thrown out of their berths. We scanned the smooth Atlantic for signs of a body, but all we could see was a lifebelt carrying a bright lamp which marked the spot where a man had been lost. Slowly the Aquitania circled round, belching oil from her guts—for it costs a great liner £150 to go through the statutory death parade as laid down by the Board of Trade. And all the time the ship's company knew that this was but a waste of time and money, for no man had ever thrown himself overboard from a great ship going full steam ahead and lived.—Viscount Castlerosse in "The Sunday Express."

TARZAN IS COMING.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

Mail can now be forwarded to Europe via Siberia.

SAIGON-MARSEILLES AIR MAIL SERVICES.

Letters will be accepted for transmission by the above-mentioned Air Mail Service to the destinations specified. Registered letters may be sent by the service but not insured letters.

The rates charged will be the regular postage rate plus the special air mail premium as indicated in the following table:

Destination	Charge
Rate per ½ ounce	
Saigon/Marseilles Air Mail Service,	
Siam (Bangkok)	5.15
Burma (Rangoon)	2.25
India (Calcutta)	0.35
Persia (Djask)	0.75
Persia (Bushire)	0.85
Iraq (Bagdad)	0.95
Palestine (Beyrouth)	1.05
Greece (Athens)	1.20
Italy (Naples)	1.35
France (Marseilles)	1.35
Great Britain and Irish Free State (London)	1.35
Europe, other countries (Marseilles for onward transmission by rail)	1.35

The air mail for each country will be landed at the place named in brackets.

The Air Mail Service from Saigon to Europe is weekly. The Hong Kong-Saigon connection will be maintained by the regular fortnightly sailing of the French mail steamers and on alternate weeks by any available steamers that can make the connection at Saigon.

Letters for this route should be marked "Saigon-Marseilles Air Service" and handed in at the G.P.O. or Kowloon Post Office.

Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAIRS.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.

Straits	Van Heutz
Shanghai	Tean
Manila	Pres. Lincoln
Japan and Shanghai	Shinjiyo Maru
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13.	
Shanghai	Arendskerk
Shanghai and Swatow	Kanckow
Japan and Shanghai	Chenonceaux
Saigon	D'Atagnan
Australia and Manila	Taiping
WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 14.	
Amoy	Takada
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 16.	
Manila	Pres. Madison
London—Parcels only London, August 11	Hector
Japan and Shanghai	Chichibu Maru
Canada, U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan & Shanghai (Vancouver B.C., August 27)	Emp. of Canada
Straits	Hakozaki Maru
Japan and Shanghai	Hakone Maru

OUTWARD MAIRS.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.

Fort Bayard	Tai Poo Sek	2.30 p.m.
Swatow	Hydrangea	3 p.m.
Samshu and Wuchow	Tai Ming	4 p.m.
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A.,		
*Central and *South America and *Europe via Vancouver B.C.,	Heian Maru	
(Due Vancouver M.C., Oct. 8.)		
Registrations Sept. 12, 4.15 p.m.		
Letters	Sept. 12, 5 p.m.	
Shanghai, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A.,		
*Canada, Central and South America and *Europe via San Francisco	President Lincoln	
(Due San Francisco October 4.)		
Parcels	Sept. 12, 5 p.m.	
Registrations Sept. 13, 8.45 a.m.		
Letters	Sept. 13, 9.30 a.m.	

NOW HERE!! NOW HERE!!

BUY YOUR

HONG KONG

DOLLAR
DIRECTORY

From the Offices of the Publishers,
3A, WYNDHAM STREET.

The Chinese Mail.

EIGHTY-EIGHTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

HONG KONG, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1932.

THE GREAT CHINA TREASURE.

If you require JADE, JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, PEARLS, CURIOS, IVORY, GOLD or SILVER WARE come to us, as we are the biggest dealers and our stocks are the best in Hong Kong.

A Trial is solicited.

54A, Queen's Road C.

Tel. 27684.

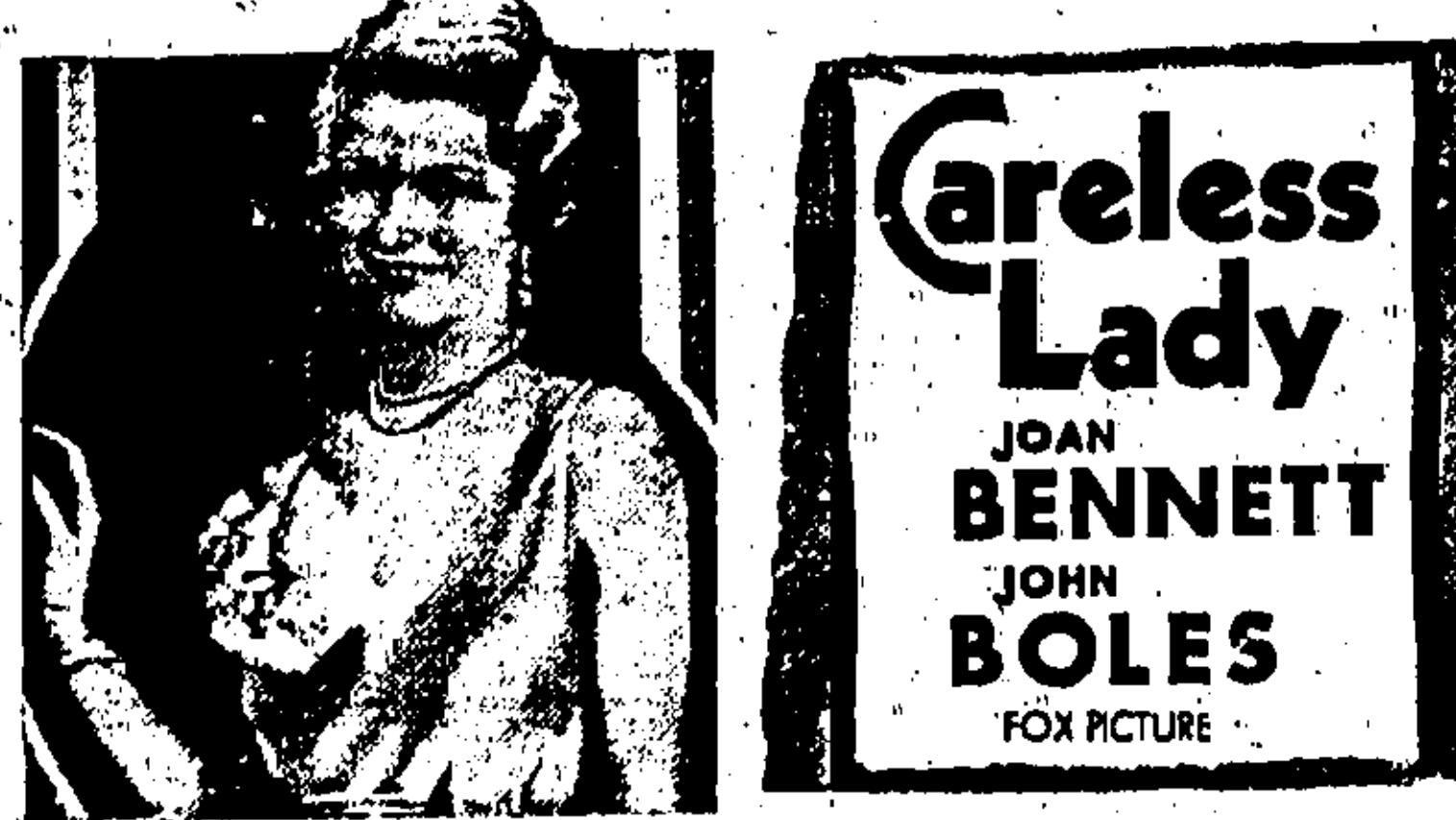
KING'S THEATRE

BOOKING AT THE THEATRE T. 25313. SHOWING TO-DAY. AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



With
LILY DAMITA — CHARLIE RUGGLES
ROLAND YOUNG — CARY GRANT.

NEXT CHANGE



ORIENTAL

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 & 9.30 p.m.

"THE ROAD TO RENO"

with big stellar cast, including

LILYAN TASHMAN
CHARLES "BUDDY" ROGERS
PEGGY SHANNON
A Paramount Picture.

NEXT CHANGE

TUESDAY, 13th SEPTEMBER

"THE FALSE MADONNA"

A Paramount Picture.

with KAY FRANCIS — WILLIAM BOYD.

MAJESTIC

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.



POLICE OFFICER POISONED.

Overdose Of Opium Causes Death.

AN EXCELLENT RECORD

Suspected to have swallowed an overdose of opium, Police Constable Hwang Hsueh-foo, of the Shantung contingent of the Hong Kong Police Force, died in the Kowloon Hospital last night.

Deceased was attached to the Anti-Piracy Guard, and was stationed at the Police Training School, Mongkok. He was removed to hospital shortly after 11 p.m.

He joined the Force in August 1929, being recruited from Wei Hui Wei City. In January this year, he was commanded by the Inspector-General of Police for alertness in chasing and capturing a Chinese man, who had broken into 161 Tung Choi Street. The culprit was subsequently sentenced to six months' hard labour.

Deceased joined the Anti-Piracy Guard in February this year, having formerly been stationed at Central and Mongkok Police Stations.

WATCHMAN KILLED IN GUN DUEL.

10 Shots Fired During Quarrel.

District Watchman Lai Chuen died in hospital yesterday, from a bullet wound in the abdomen, received in a gun duel with another District Watchman, Shiu Kwan-chiu, just below the West Point Police Station, in the early hours of Sunday morning.

Both men were attached to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs and detailed for duty in the Western district of the Colony.

Lai Chuen had been on patrol since 6 p.m. on Saturday evening, and was to be relieved by Shiu Kwan-chiu at midnight. It appears that the two men quarrelled but who actually fired first is not known. One man fired six shots, and the other four. Lai was struck in the arm and abdomen. Shiu was slightly injured in the left elbow.

A great stir was created in the district, and when Police arrived on the scene, they found Lai in a critical condition. Both men were removed to Hospital, where Lai Chuen died shortly after 3 p.m.

The dying depositions of Lai were taken later in the morning.

Police investigations are proceeding.

JEWELLERY SHOP IS ROBBED.

Watches Stolen From Show Window.

In a report made to the Police, to-day, Mr. C. E. Bacci, manager of Messrs. Sennett Freres, Gloucester Building, stated that between 7 and 11 o'clock yesterday morning, some person or persons broke his shop window and stole a number of wrist watches, the total value of which is at present unknown.

BASEBALL

FOXX LEADS HOME RUN PARADE WITH 51

Homer Yesterday Gives Phillies Victory.

YANKEES SURPRISED

New York, To-day. Jimmy Foxx is hot on the record of Babe Ruth's 1927 record of 60 home runs in a season. Yesterday he banged out his fifty-first to give the Phillies a narrow win over the Tigers.

Boston Braves registered two brilliant wins against the Reds, winning the first game of their double-header by 13 to 3, Holland hitting a four-bagger, and scoring 10 to 1 in their second game. Moore providing a circuit hit.

The Cubs beat the Dodgers, Hartnett hitting a homer to give his side a 3 to 1 win.

Bill Terry, Veyez and Critz made merry against the Cardinals, pitches in the first game of their double-header, but the world series champions turned the tables on the Giants in their second encounter, Marcus Cloutier hitting a homer. Pucinelli hit a home run for the Cardinals in their first game.

Reynolds hit a magnificent homer to enable the Senators to gain the verdict over the White Sox in their second game to record a good double. After being out-hit the Indians surprised the Yankees, who are now without the services of Babe Ruth who is suffering from a mild attack of appendicitis, and snatched a narrow win by 5 to 4.

After losing their first game against the Browns the Red Sox recovered splendidly in their second effort and a home run by Alexander gave them an 8 to 3 verdict.

The following were the results of yesterday's Baseball games:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R. H.	E.
Boston Braves	13	11
Cincinnati Reds	3	11

	R. H.	E.
Boston Braves	10	18
Cincinnati Reds	1	9

	R. H.	E.
Brooklyn Dodgers	1	8
Chicago Cubs	3	9

	R. H.	E.
New York Giants	7	13
St. Louis Cardinals	3	8

	R. H.	E.
New York Giants	2	9
St. Louis Cardinals	3	4

	R. H.	E.
Chicago White Sox	1	6
Washington Senators	2	6

	R. H.	E.
Chicago White Sox	4	9
Washington Senators	9	10

	R. H.	E.
Cleveland Indians	5	7
New York Yankees	4	8

	R. H.	E.
Detroit Tigers	4	5
Philadelphia Phillies	5	8

	R. H.	E.
St. Louis Browns	7	14
Boston Red Sox	1	6

	R. H.	E.
St. Louis Browns	3	10
Boston Red Sox	8	10

—Reuter's American Service.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

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